

U.S. ETHANOL PRODUCERS' EFFORTS TO REDUCE CARBON INTENSITY

NEBRASKA'S LEADERSHIP AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR JAPAN



FROM VOLUME TO VALUE: WHY CI IS THE NEW METRIC

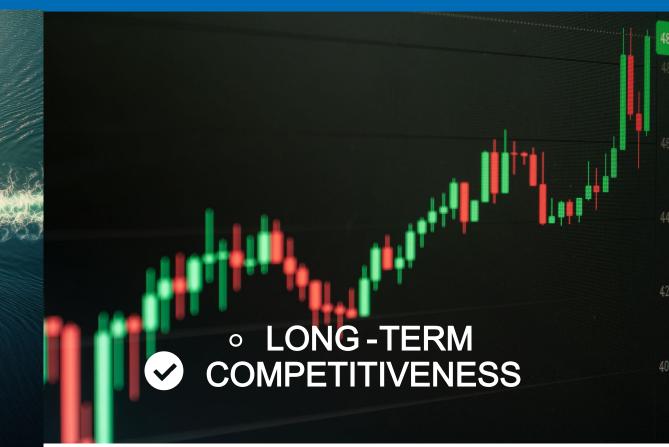


LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA) = EMISSIONS FROM "FIELD TO WHEEL"

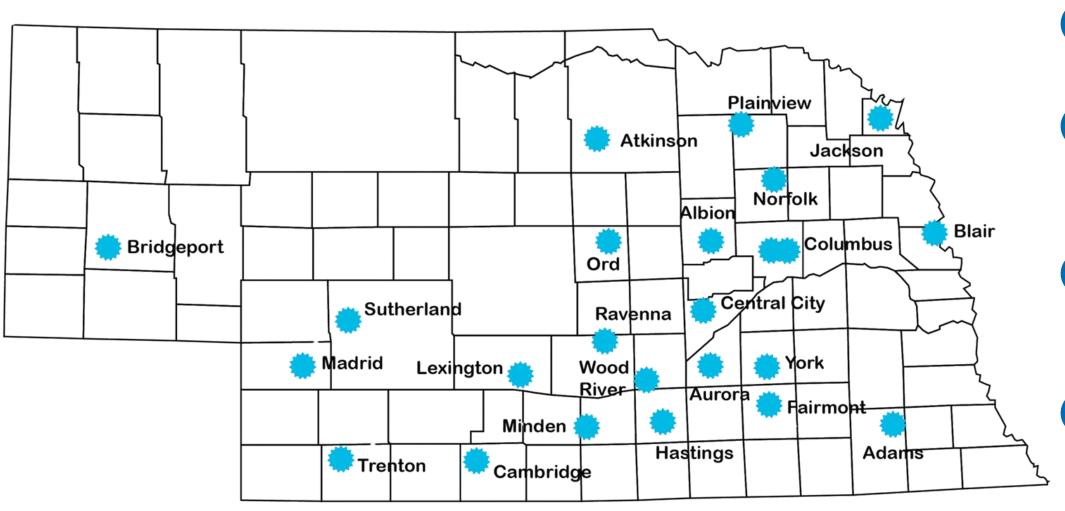
U.S. PRODUCERS COMPETE ON CARBON PERFORMANCE, **NOT ONLY PRICE.**

CI NOW DRIVES:





NEBRASKA'S ROLE IN U.S. LOW - CARBON ETHANOL



- ~24 ETHANOL PLANTS
- AMERICA'S SECOND LARGEST ETHANOL PRODUCER
- STRONG RAIL, PIPELINE, & EXPORT LOGISTICS
- **LONG HISTORY OF SERVING**INTERNATIONAL MARKETS



INSIDE THE BIOREFINERY: CUTTING CI AT THE PLANT LEVEL



Energy efficiency upgrades



Process optimization



Co-products & fuel switching

High-efficiency dryers, boilers, heat recovery

Enzymes, yeast, fermentation controls

Lower-carbon steam
& electricity +
optimized DDGS &
corn oil recovery



DECARBONIZING ENERGY INPUTS

LOWER -CARBON NATURAL GAS SYSTEMS

GROWING USE OF:

- RENEWABLE/CLEAN ENERGY (NUCLEAR/WIND/SOLAR)
- ON-SITE GENERATION WHERE FEASIBLE

POTENTIAL INTEGRATION WITH:

- THERMAL ENERGY STORAGE
- RENEWABLE STEAM SOLUTIONS





FROM STACK TO STORAGE: CCU & CCS PROJECTS



Fermentation

CO₂ is:

- Nearly pure stream
- ✓ Ideal for CCUS





Pathway to deep CI reductions:

- 20–30+ gCO₂e/MJ reductions possible with storage
- Critical for SAF & premium low-CI markets

Nebraska projects:

Trailblazer / Tallgrass CO₂ pipeline concept

TALLGRASS TRAILBLAZER: NEBRASKA'S LOW-CARBON BREAKTHROUGH



Converts an existing pipeline to collect CO₂ from multiple

Nebraska facilities.



SECURE UNDERGROUND STORAGE:

TRAnsports CO₂ to deep geologic formations in Wyoming & western Nebraska for permanent sequestration.



LARGE-SCALE CAPACITY:

DESIGned to move up to 10 million metric tons of CO₂ per year.



BROAD PLANT PARTICIPATION:

half of Nebraska ethanol
plants, with room for regional
expansion.



MAJOR CI REDUCTIONS:

Can lower carbon intensity by

20–30 points or more
,
unlocking premium low-carbon
markets.



ECONOMIC & MARKET IMPACT

STREngthens Nebraska's ethanol industry, supports rural economies, & expands access to LCFS, Canada CFR, SAF markets, & future Japan demand



LOWER -CARBON CORN: THE FOUNDATION OF LOW-CI ETHANOL



Precision agricultur

NEBRASKA CORN GROWERS

ADOPTING:

Reduced tillage, cover crops (where suitable)

Improved nitrogen management



- Lower fertilizer emissions
- Enhanced soil carbon
- Improved resilience and yields

HOW NEBRASKA POLICY DRIVES CARBON INTENSITY REDUCTIONS

E15 Access Standard & Higher Blend Incentives



Sustainable Aviation
Fuel (SAF)
Tax Credit

Carbon Capture &
Storage (CCS)
Policy

- **EXPANDS STATEWIDE**AVAILABILITY OF E15
 AND HIGHER BLENDS
- PROVIDES PER GALLON TAX CREDITS
 TO RETAILERS

- REWARDS SAF MADE FROM LOW -CI ETHANOL
- ENCOURAGES ETHANOL -TO-JET INVESTMENT & INNOVATION
- SETS CLASS VI CO₂
 WELL RULES & ENABLES
 SECURE, PERMANENT
 STORAGE
- SUPPORTS MAJOR CCUS PROJECTS



NEBRASKA'S E15 ACCESS STANDARD & HIGHER BLEND TAX CREDITS E15 INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS



New or significantly upgraded retail sites must sell E15 from at least 50% of qualifying dispensers.



All sites must offer E15 from at least one dispenser, unless exempted.

ENFORCEMENT: STATE MAY SUSPEND OR REVOKE PERMITS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.



STATEWIDE ETHANOL BLEND REPORTING

- Starting 2025: Nebraska reports the statewide ethanol blend rate annually & Retailers must submit quarterly fuel sales and ethanol-content reports.
- ✓ If statewide blend < 14% in 2027: All stations must offer E15 from at least one dispenser.

2024

2025

2026

2027

2028

\$0.08/GAL

\$0.09/GAL

\$0.08/GAL

\$0.07/GAL

\$0.05/GAL

NEBRASKA'S SUSTAINABLE AVIATION FUEL (SAF) TAX CREDIT



Nebraska SAF Incentive (2024 –2032)

- \$0.75/gal tax credit for SAF achieving ≥50% GHG reduction
- Applies to SAF produced & sold in Nebraska
- Available through Dec 31, 2032



Why This Matters for Ethanol Producers

- ✓ Lower-Cl ethanol = higher-value SAF
- Encourages ethanol-to-jet production & CCS/co-location investments
- Strengthens long-term competitiveness in aviation fuels



NEBRASKA CCS POLICY & CLASS VI FRAMEWORK



BUILDING A FOUNDATION FOR LARGE -SCALE CCS



CLEAR CLASS VI CO2 STORAGE RULES

- Modern safety, monitoring, and pore-space standards
- Enables permanent, verifiable geologic storage



MOVING TOWARD STATE PRIMACY

- State-led permitting instead of federal EPA
- Faster timelines (≈1–2 years vs. several years)
- Greater certainty for investors & ethanol producers



SUPPORTING MAJOR CCUS PROJECTS

- Trailblazer / Tallgrass pipeline system
- ✓ Multi-plant CO₂ capture and storage network



IMPACT ON CARBON INTENSITY

- Essential for SAF, LCFS markets, & international buyers



RFN'S POLICY ADVOCACY & FEDERAL PARTNERSHIPS

RFN INTERFACES WITH



- Nebraska Legislature & agencies
- Governor's office, Nebraska Ethanol Board





- Nebraska congressional delegation
- U.S. EPA, USDA, DOE on fuel policy & CI



PRIORITIES

- Fair Cl accounting
- Stable incentives (45Z, SAF credits)
- Infrastructure for higher blends & CCUS



REAL-WORLD DEMONSTRATIONS: E30 & STATE FLEET



E30 STATE FLEET DEMONSTRATIONS



LESSONS

- TESTING HIGHER ETHANOL BLENDS IN EVERYDAY VEHICLES
- MONITORING PERFORMANCE, EMISSIONS, & COST

- STRONG DRIVABILITY
- **LOWER GHG EMISSIONS**
- POTENTIAL MODEL FOR OTHER FLEETS



OPPORTUNITIES FOR JAPAN : RELIABLE, LOWER-CI ETHANOL



U.S. / NEBRASKA
ETHANOL CAN
OFFER:

- Secure, scalable supply
- Documented Cl reductions



APPLICATIONS:

- Low-carbon gasoline pools
- SAF feedstock pathways



COLLABORATION IDEAS:

- Joint CI verification& data sharing
- Long-term off-take linked to CI targets
- Technology & policy exchanges



ERING FOR A ARBON FUTURE **U.S. ETHANOL PRODUCERS ARE:**

- Investing in CI reduction at every step
- Leveraging CCUS and farm innovations
- Supported by evolving state & federal policy





THANKYOU

